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State of New Jersey

**Public Employees'
Retirement System**

**PROSECUTORS
PART
ADDENDUM**



July 2005

**Department of the Treasury
Division of Pensions and Benefits**

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

HANDBOOK ADDENDUM FOR THE PROSECUTORS PART OF THE PERS

as of July 2005

INTRODUCTION

Chapter 366, P.L. 2001, established a special Prosecutors Part within the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) effective January 7, 2002.

This *Handbook Addendum* addresses the benefits that are specific to the Prosecutors Part of the PERS. If a topic is not specifically addressed in this addendum, Prosecutor Part members should refer to the information in the *Public Employees' Retirement System Member Handbook*.

MEMBERSHIP

Eligibility

Employees eligible for coverage under the Prosecutors Part include:

- any county prosecutor, first assistant county prosecutor, or assistant county prosecutor;
- the Director of the Division of Criminal Justice (DCJ) in the Department of Law and Public Safety (LPS); any assistant director, deputy director, assistant attorney general, or deputy attorney general employed by that department and assigned to that division;
- any criminal investigator in the Division of Criminal Justice ineligible for enrollment in the Police and Firemen's Retirement System; and
- other employees of LPS who are not assigned to the DCJ who meet one of the following criteria:
 1. The employee is assigned to a unit that has a specific delegation of authority under the Criminal Justice Act of 1970, N.J.S.A. 52:17B-97 et seq. and the employee performs law enforcement functions on behalf of the Attorney General as an Assistant Attorney General, Deputy Attorney General, or investigator.
 2. The employee is detached from his/her assignment in the Division of Criminal Justice

to another division or office within the Department of Law and Public Safety and performs law enforcement functions on behalf of the Attorney General under the Criminal Justice Act of 1970, N.J.S.A. 52:17B-97 et seq. Additionally, the employee, prior to being detached from the Division of Criminal Justice, must have been eligible for enrollment in the Prosecutors Part of the PERS according to P.L. 2001, Chapter 366.

These eligible positions are defined as "prosecutors" for the purposes of Chapter 366. The prosecutor must have been serving on or after the effective date of the law to be eligible for coverage under the Prosecutors Part of the PERS.

ENROLLMENT

Changing Positions into or out of a Prosecutor Title

Whenever an employee enrolls in (or transfers out of) the Prosecutors Part of the PERS, the Certifying Officer of the employing location must fill out the appropriate State or County version of the *PERS Prosecutors Part Change of Position Form*. The completed change form must then be submitted to the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, NJ 08625-0295.

A member enrolling in a prosecutor title must satisfy any loans, purchases, arrears, or other obligations previously scheduled for payment while a regular member of the PERS (or any other State-administered pension fund).

Contribution Rate

Prosecutors Part members contribute 7.5 percent of salary as their pension contribution. This rate was effective January 7, 2002.

SERVICE CREDIT

Prosecutors who were serving in a covered position on January 7, 2002, the enactment date of Chapter 366, had all their credited PERS service as of that date considered as Prosecutors Part service. After that date, only service performed in a prosecutor position after January 7, 2002 will be included in the Prosecutors Part of the PERS.

Employees appointed to a prosecutor position after January 7, 2002 will have prosecutor service earned after their appointment date credited to the Prosecutors Part. All other service, including service

as a prosecutor prior to the effective date of Chapter 366, will be considered regular PERS service with one exception (see "Transfers" below).

Separate Prosecutors Part and Regular PERS Accounts

If an employee has both prosecutor and non-prosecutor service, separate accounting will be made for the regular PERS service and the Prosecutors Part service. When the member retires, benefits will be calculated for Prosecutors Part and the regular PERS accounts separately in accordance with the law governing each part. However, non-concurrent Prosecutors Part and regular PERS service can be combined and be considered as **all** regular PERS service if it will result in a regular PERS benefit higher than the Prosecutors Part benefit, such as a Veteran Retirement, or to qualify for a disability retirement benefit or a Deferred Retirement benefit. The non-concurrent service may also be combined to qualify for post-retirement medical benefits, subject to employer requirements for that coverage. When service is combined to qualify for a regular PERS benefit or for post-retirement medical coverage, concurrent or over-lapping service will be excluded from consideration.

TRANSFERS

There are no provisions in the law for transferring or upgrading regular PERS service to Prosecutors Part service for individuals who become prosecutors after January 7, 2002, (with the one exception discussed below). This restriction also applies to service rendered in a prosecutor position before the enactment of the law, unless the member was serving as a prosecutor on January 7, 2002.

Exception: Chapter 140, P.L. 2003 states that any PERS member appointed as a County Prosecutor after January 7, 2002 by the Governor, pursuant to Article VII, Section II, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey Constitution, will have all credited PERS service as of the date of appointment considered as Prosecutors Part service.

TYPES OF SERVICE ELIGIBLE FOR PURCHASE AS PROSECUTORS PART SERVICE

Most service purchased by a prosecutor is generally considered as regular PERS service and the cost of purchase will be calculated using regular PERS pur-

chase factors (see the *PERS Member Handbook* for these purchase factors).

A purchase of service credit is permitted to be added to the Prosecutors Part account under the following circumstances:

- Service credited to the Prosecutors Part of the PERS that was subsequently withdrawn by the member;
- Service earned as a prosecutor after January 7, 2002 that was never credited to the Prosecutors Part;
- Temporary service as a prosecutor after January 7, 2002, but prior to enrollment in the Prosecutors Part; and
- Leave of absence from a Prosecutors Part covered position after January 7, 2002.

When allowed, the cost of service purchased as Prosecutors Part service will be calculated using the following Prosecutors Part purchase factors.

Prosecutor Part Service Purchase Rate Chart			
Age	Purchase Factor	Age	Purchase Factor
33 (and under)	0.075000	50	0.120350
34	0.076016	51	0.120798
35	0.077350	52	0.121323
36	0.078913	53	0.121923
37	0.080704	54	0.122600
38	0.082724	55	0.123353
39	0.084973	56	0.124181
40	0.087450	57	0.125086
41	0.090109	58	0.126067
42	0.092926	59	0.127124
43	0.095880	60	0.128257
44	0.098957	61	0.129466
45	0.102150	62	0.130751
46	0.105461	63	0.132113
47	0.108902	64	0.133550
48	0.112501	65	0.135000
49	0.116298	(and over)	

LOANS

Prosecutors are eligible to take loans from the pension system in the same manner as other PERS members. The amount that can be borrowed is based on the total contributions the member has made to the system. The minimum repayment amount is based on the Prosecutors Part contribution rate of 7.5 percent of salary.

VESTING

A Prosecutors Part account will vest (i.e., be eligible for a retirement benefit) when the prosecutor has 10 years of creditable Prosecutors Part service. If the prosecutor also has regular PERS service, the right to receive a regular PERS benefit will vest when the prosecutor has 10 years of regular PERS service. Prosecutors Part and regular PERS service vest separately unless all of the service will be used to qualify for a regular PERS retirement benefit.

EXAMPLE: *The account of a member who terminates public employment with seven years of Prosecutors Part service and five non-concurrent years of regular PERS service will remain active, i.e. not expire, since the member would have the 10 years needed to be eligible for a Deferred Retirement under the regular PERS by combining the service.*

RETIREMENT

Definition of Terms

"Final Compensation" means your last 12 months of salary as a prosecutor.

Types of Retirement

The types of retirements available under the Prosecutors Part include:

Service Retirement

Service Retirement is available at age 55* with any number of years of Prosecutors Part service. A Prosecutors Part Service Retirement is calculated using the highest of:

- 50 percent of Final Compensation if you have 20 or more years of service;

**Members in a Prosecutors Part position on January 7, 2002 are exempted from the age 55 requirement if they have 20 or more years of service.*

- 2 percent X Final Compensation for each year of service credit **plus** 1 percent for each year over 30; or
- 1/60 X years of service X Final Compensation.

Special Retirement

Special Retirement is available at any age with 25 or more years of Prosecutors Part service. A Prosecutors Part Special Retirement is calculated using 65 percent of Final Compensation plus 1 percent of Final Compensation for each additional year over 25 up to 30 years.

Deferred Retirement

Deferred Retirement is available at age 55 with ten or more years of Prosecutors Part service. A Prosecutors Part Deferred Retirement is calculated using 2 percent of Final Compensation for each year of service credit up to 25 years of service.

Using Prosecutor Part Service as Regular PERS Service to Obtain a Higher Benefit

Prosecutors may use their Prosecutors Part service as regular PERS service if it will result in a higher retirement allowance.

EXAMPLE: *a prosecutor, who is age 60 and a veteran with 20 years of Prosecutors Part service, could retire on a PERS Veteran Retirement at 54.5 percent of Final Salary rather than with a Prosecutors Part Service Retirement at 50 percent of Final Compensation. A prosecutor may also use Prosecutors Part service earned in New Jersey to qualify for an Ordinary Disability Retirement and all Prosecutors Part service to qualify for an Accidental Disability Retirement or a Deferred Retirement. When Prosecutors Part service is used as regular PERS service, the member is not entitled to a refund of Prosecutors Part employee contributions, or the difference between the regular PERS and Prosecutors Part contributions.*

See the *PERS Member Handbook* for a description of regular PERS retirement types.

Retirement with Separate Prosecutors Part and Regular PERS Accounts

If a PERS member has **separate** Prosecutors Part and regular PERS accounts, the member must terminate all PERS covered employment to qualify for any retirement benefit. Retirement allowances will be calculated for each account separately in accor-

dance with the statutes governing each part of the PERS. The member must meet all the requirements (age and service) of each account in order to receive the benefit based on that service.

If the member is not eligible for a regular PERS benefit upon retirement from the Prosecutors Part, then the contributions for that regular PERS service may be returned. However, the contributions for the regular PERS service will not be refunded if some or all of that service is used to qualify for a retirement allowance or post-retirement medical benefits coverage.

OPTIONAL SETTLEMENTS AT RETIREMENT

The retirement options for Prosecutors Part retirement benefits are the same as those for regular PERS members. There is no automatic survivor benefit in the Prosecutors Part of the PERS.

See the *PERS Member Handbook* for more information about PERS pension options.

Retirement Options with Separate Prosecutors Part and Regular PERS Retirements

If the member is eligible to receive **both** a Prosecutors Part retirement benefit and a regular PERS retirement benefit, the retirement option and or beneficiary selection for the regular PERS benefit may be different than the option and beneficiary selected for the Prosecutors Part retirement benefit.

EXAMPLE: *A 55 year-old member has 22 years of Prosecutors Part service and ten years of regular PERS service when the member terminates all PERS-covered employment and retires. A different option selection and beneficiary may be named for the regular PERS benefit than is named for the Prosecutors Part benefit. In this case the member could select Option A with his spouse as the beneficiary for the Prosecutors Part benefit and Option 1 with a child as the beneficiary for the regular PERS benefit.*

ACTIVE AND RETIRED DEATH BENEFITS

Noncontributory and Contributory Group Life Insurance

The Group Life Insurance benefit for an **active member** in the Prosecutors Part is the same as that

for regular PERS members. There is a noncontributory policy that is 1½ times the salary subject to pension received in the 12 months prior to death and a contributory policy also valued at 1½ times the salary subject to pension received in the 12 months prior to death.

Group Life Insurance for **retired members** is contingent upon the retiree having had coverage as an active employee and having at least 10 years of service credit.

The Group Life Insurance benefit for a retired member collecting either a Prosecutors Part Service, Special, or Deferred Retirement benefit is 50 percent of the Final Compensation as a prosecutor.

If a prosecutor is eligible for a Deferred Retirement and terminates employment and dies **after** age 55 without filing for retirement, the prosecutor's beneficiary would receive a Group Life Insurance benefit as if retired.

If a prosecutor is eligible for a Deferred Retirement and terminates employment and dies **before** age 55, no Group Life Insurance benefit is payable.

If a prosecutor uses the Prosecutors Part service to qualify for a higher regular PERS benefit, the Group Life Insurance payable will be that for a regular PERS retiree, i.e., 3/16ths of Final Salary.

If a prosecutor retires with separate Prosecutors Part and regular PERS retirement allowances, the member may receive Group Life Insurance of 50 percent of the Final Compensation as a prosecutor and 3/16ths of the regular PERS Final Salary. The member must have at least 10 years of service in both the Prosecutors Part and the regular PERS to qualify for the Group Life Insurance associated with each retirement.

WITHDRAWAL

A member may not withdraw from either the Prosecutors Part or the regular PERS while still actively employed in a position covered by the other. The member may withdraw from both the Prosecutors Part and the regular PERS when all PERS covered employment is ended. The member may also withdraw from the regular PERS after retirement from the Prosecutors Part if no portion of the regular PERS service will be used to qualify for a regular PERS benefit or for post-retirement medical coverage.
